

# Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <a href="http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content">http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content</a>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

hogs shall expire on April 1, 1916, and shall thereafter be renewed annually, unless the applicant shall have violated the provisions of this ordinance or such other health regulations as may from time to time be established.

SEC. 24. All hog pens or stys shall have floors of concrete or some other water-tight material, and shall be cleaned at least once a week, or oftener if the same shall become odorous or offensive, and shall at all times be open to inspection by the health officer or other agents of the board of health. Nothing herein contained shall permit the maintenance of a hog pen or sty if the same shall become a nuisance, in which case it shall be abated as provided by law.

Sec. 25. No permit shall be required for the keeping of hogs brought into the borough for the purpose of immediate sale or slaughter, but the places in which they are kept shall be kept and maintained as required by this ordinance.

## Garbage and Manure—Care and Disposal. (Ord. July 26, 1915.)

SEC. 26. No manure pile shall be kept in the borough of Chambersburg for a longer period than one week, unless at the end of which time the place where it is maintained shall be properly cleaned. Manure may be kept for a longer time in a shed tightly covered and inclosed on all sides, or in a sunken pit likewise covered and inclosed. The health authorities, however, notwithstanding this privilege, may cause the removal of any manure if the same shall become a nuisance.

Sec. 27. Any person hauling manure through or upon the streets or highways of the borough shall load the same in such a manner that none shall drop upon the streets or highways.

SEC. 28. Garbage includes all kinds of organic kitchen refuse, and must either be burned on the premises where it originates in a stove, furnace, incinerator, or buried on said premises. It may be kept in tightly covered metallic cans, not too large for convenient handling, which said cans must be emptied and their contents removed and disposed of at least twice a week during the months of May, June, July, August, September, and October, and at least once a week during the remaining months of the year. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the board of health from causing the removal of garbage which becomes a nuisance.

Sec. 29. Any person hauling garbage shall so handle it as to prevent its dropping upon the streets or highways of the borough, and shall keep any vehicle used for that purpose clean and covered, so that the same may not emit foul odors.

### Penalty. (Ord. July 26, 1915.)

Sec. 30. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance for which penalties are provided by the laws of the State of Pennsylvania shall be prosecuted under and shall suffer the penalty provided by such law.

SEC. 31. Any person violating any provisions of this ordinance for which a penalty is not provided by the law of the State shall, upon conviction of such violation before any magistrate or justice of the peace, pay a fine of not less than \$1 nor more than \$50. In case the person so convicted and fined as aforesaid shall fail to pay the penalty imposed, he shall suffer imprisonment in the county jail for a period of one day for each dollar of penalty imposed.

#### CHICAGO HEIGHTS, ILL.

# Milk and Milk Products-Production, Care, and Sale. (Ord. Aug. 20, 1915.)

SECTION 1. That article 5 of the revised municipal code of Chicago Heights of the year 1908 be, and the same is hereby, repealed, and that the following ordinance be substituted therefor:

Sec. 2. No person or corporation, or driver of any milk wagon, nor any servant or agent of any vender of milk, shall sell or offer for sale, expose for sale, dispose of,